According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0579-0036. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 2 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

This report is required by law (7 U.S.C. 2143). Failure to report according to the regulations can result in an order to cease and desist

Interagency Report Control No. 0180-DOA-AN

OMB APPROVED

Fiscal Year: 2009

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

ANNUAL REPORT OF RESEARCH FACILITY

(TYPE OR PRINT)

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 14-R-0192

Customer Number: 23918
2. HEADQUARTERS RESEARCH FACILITY (Name and Address, as registered with USDA,

Biomedical Research Models Inc. 67 Millbrook St Worcester, MA 01606

DCT 2 3 2009

Telephone: (508) 459 7544

3. REPORTING FACILITY (List all locations where animals were housed or used in actual research, testing, teaching, or experimentation, or held for these purposes. Attach additional sheets if FACILITY LOCATIONS (Sites) See Attached Listing

(b)(2)High, (b)(7)f REPORT OF ANIMALS USED BY OR UNDER CONTROL OF RESEARCH FACILITY (Attach additional sheets if necessary or use APHIS FORM 7023A.) Number of animals upon which teaching, Number of animals upon experiments, research, surgery, or tests were which expe Number of animals conducted involving accompanying pain or teaching, research, Number of animals upon which distress to the animals and for which the use of surgery, or tests were being bred teaching, research, TOTAL NUMBER appropriate anesthetic, analgesic, or conditioned, or held conducted involving Animals Covered By experiments, or tranquilizing drugs would have adversely affected the procedures, results, or OF ANIMALS accompanying pain or The Animal for use in teaching. tests were distress to the animals testing, experiments, Welfare Regulations conducted involving (Cols. C + D + E) interpretation of the teaching, research and for which research, or surgery no pain, distress, or experiments, surgery, or tests. (An explanation appropriate anesthetic. but not yet used for use of pain-relieving of the procedures producing pain or distress on analgesic, or tranquilizing drugs were such purposes. these animals and the reasons such drugs were not used must be attached to this report drugs. 4. Dogs 5. Cats 0 30 6. Guinea Pigs 7. Hamsters 8 Rabbits 9. Non-human Primates 10. Sheep 11. Pigs 12. Other Farm Animals 13. Other Animals

- ASSURANCE STATEMENTS Professionally acceptable standards governing the care, treatment, and use of animals, including appropriate use of anesthetic, analgesic, and tranquilizing drugs, prior to, during, and following actual research, teaching, testing, surgery, or experimentation were followed by this research facility.
- Each principal investigator has considered alternatives to painful procedures. 2.)

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- This facility is adhering to the standards and regulations under the Act, and it has required that exceptions to the standards and regulations be specified and explained by the principal investigator 3.) and approved by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC). A summary of all such exceptions is attached to this annual report. In addition to identifying the IACUC approved exceptions, this summary includes a brief explanation of the exceptions, as well as the species and number of animals affected.
- The attending veterinarian for this research facility has appropriate authority to ensure the provisions of adequate veterinary care and to oversee the adequacy of other aspects of animal care and 4.)

	0	CERTIFICATION BY HEADQUARTERS RESEARCH FACILITY OFFICIAL [Chief Executive Officer (C.E.O.) or Legally Responsible Institutional Official (I.O
1	111	I certify that the above is true, correct, and complete (7 U.S.C. Section 2143).

(b)(6), (b)(7)c

(A) Error in muly ber(b)(6), (b)(7)c9/28/09
(B) Erron in only addy columns C, Darl E(b)(6), (b)(7)¢0/30/09

NP 12/14/2029



APHIS Form 7023 Site Addendum for FY: 2009

OCT 2 3 2009

Registration Number: 14-R-0192 Customer ID Number: 23918	
Facility Business Address Information:	
Biomedical Research Models Inc 67 Millbrook St Worcester, MA 01606	
Telephone: (508) 459 7544	
Facilities Site(s) Address Information:	
Site Code(s):	
	Υç
(b)(2)High, (b)(7)f	

Column E Explanation

This form is intended as an aid to completing the Column E explanation. It is not an official form and its use is voluntary. Names, addresses, protocols, veterinary care programs, and the like, are not required as part of an explanation. A Column E explanation must be written so as to be understood by lay persons as well as scientists.

1. Registration Number: 14-R-0192

2. Number: 42 animals, 17 of which reached a USDA pain category E were used in this study.

3. Species (common name): Guinea pigs were used in the study.

4. Explain the procedure producing pain and /or distress.

Mice and guinea pigs are the two major animal infection models established for the human herpes virus-2 (HSV-2) to evaluate protective efficacy of potential HSV-2 vaccines. Previously, we have successfully obtained satisfactory immune protection results using Balb/c mice that were immunized with our novel immunization strategy and challenged with HSV-2 viruses afterwards. To further prove the potency of the immunization regimen in another established animal model, the Hartley guinea pig was chosen to observe clinical signs, body weight and mortality post immunization and HSV-2 infection. The guinea pig is also a good model to study immune protection efficacy against recurrence of HSV-2 infection. The total number of animals used on study was the minimum required to properly characterize the protective candidate vaccination effects of the test vaccines.

Animals were dosed with test vaccines by subcutaneous, intramuscular and intranasal routes of administration followed by a HSV-2 viral intra-vaginal challenge. Post infection, animals were monitored daily for clinical signs of disease. The viral challenge of guinea pigs with HSV-2 can have varying clinical readouts from no clinical signs to morbidity. To evaluate the viral disease state we followed the established published literature for viral clinical scoring listed in the table below. Animals that reached a moribund state or exhibit a score of (4) or a loss of 20% body weight were immediately euthanized.

Observation	Score
No clinical signs of disease	0
Vaginal erythema	1
Single to a few modest herpetic lesions	2
Large or fused vesicles	3
Severe vaginal ulceration and paralysis	4
Found dead	5

In addition, cage side observations were performed daily to monitor animals for any associated clinical signs. Animals were also monitored daily for signs of pain and distress, including but not limited to, the animals' activity, behavior and mobility, appearance in grooming, appetite, excreta and signs of morbidity, vocalization upon handling and the absence of the righting reflex,

were monitored. If abnormalities were observed, the PI and/or facility veterinarian were notified immediately.

5. Provide scientific justification why pain and /or distress could not be relieved. State methods or means used to determine that pain and /or distress relief would interfere with test results.

Disease severity is scored using the clinical score scale described above in question 4. The use of analgesics may alter the physiological processes and clinical scores that are being observed for study and make the interpretation of the raised immune protection results technically difficult. The measurement of clinical scores is vital to the determination of the efficacy of the vaccine. Therefore, we propose not to use analgesics that could interfere with test results. Animals that reach a moribund state, exhibit pain or unrelieved distress or exhibit a score of (4) or a loss of 20% body weight will be immediately and humanely euthanized.

6. What, if any, federal regulations require this procedure? Cite the agency, the code of Federal Regulations (CFR) title number and the specific section number (e.g., APHIS, 9 CFR 113.102):

Agency:

NA

CFR:

