According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is estimated to average 2 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

OMB APPROVED 0579-0036

This report is required by law (7 U.S.C. 2143). Failure to report according to the regulations can result in an order to cease and desist and to be subject to penalties as provided for in Section 2150.

Interagency Report Control No. 0180-DOA-AN

Fiscal Year: 2009

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

ANNUAL REPORT OF RESEARCH FACILITY

(TYPE OR PRINT)

Customer Number: 55

2. HEADQUARTERS RESEARCH FACILITY (Name and Address, as registered with USDA,

Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals Inc 900 Ridgebury Road, Po Box 368 Ridgefield, CT 06877

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 16-R-0029

Telephone: (203) 798 9988

3. REPORTING FACILITY (List all locations where animals were housed or used in actual research, testing, teaching, or experimentation, or held for these purposes. Attach additional sheets if

FACILITY LOCATIONS (Sites) See Attached Listing

REPORT OF ANIMALS USED BY OR UNDER CONTROL OF RESEARCH FACILITY (Attach additional sheets if necessary or use APHIS FORM 7023A.) Number of animals upon Number of animals upon which teaching which experiments experiments, research, surgery, or tests were Number of animals Number of animals teaching, research, surgery, or tests were conducted involving accompanying pain or distress to the animals and for which the use of upon which teaching, research, Animals Covered By conditioned, or held TOTAL NUMBER conducted involving appropriate anesthetic, analgesic, or experiments, or for use in teaching, testing, experiments, The Animal accompanying pain or ranquilizing drugs would have adversely OF ANIMALS tests were Welfare Regulations distress to the animals affected the procedures, results, or conducted involving research, or surgery (Cols. C + D + E) and for which interpretation of the teaching, research, no pain, distress, or but not yet used for appropriate anesthetic. experiments, surgery, or tests. (An explanation use of pain-relieving of the procedures producing pain or distress on these animals and the reasons such drugs such purposes analgesic, or drugs. tranquilizing drugs were used. were not used must be attached to this report.) 12 54 202 20 276 4. Dogs 0 0 0 0 0 5. Cats 19 4 105 200 309 6. Guinea Pigs 7. Hamsters 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 8. Rabbits 10 0 10 9. Non-human Primates 0 31 80 34 145 0 0 0 0 0 10. Sheep 11. Pigs 0 0 0 0 0 0 12. Other Farm Animals 0 0 0 0 13. Other Animals 0 0 0 0 0

## ASSURANCE STATEMENTS

- Professionally acceptable standards governing the care, treatment, and use of animals, including appropriate use of anesthetic, analgesic, and tranquilizing drugs, prior to, during, and following actual research, teaching, testing, surgery, or experimentation were followed by this research facility.
- 2.) Each principal investigator has considered alternatives to painful procedures.
- 3.) This facility is adhering to the standards and regulations under the Act, and it has required that exceptions to the standards and regulations be specified and explained by the principal investigator and approved by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC). A summary of all such exceptions is attached to this annual report. In addition to identifying the IACUC approved exceptions, this summary includes a brief explanation of the exceptions, as well as the species and number of animals affected.
- 4.) The attending veterinarian for this research facility has appropriate authority to ensure the provisions of adequate veterinary care and to oversee the adequacy of other aspects of animal care and

	CERTIFICATION BY HEADQUARTERS RESEARCH FACILITY OFFICIAL (Chief Executive Officer (C.E.O.) or Legally Responsible Institutional Official (I.O.))   certify that the above is true, correct, and complete (7 U.S.C. Section 2143).	
SIGNATURE DECED OBIO	I HAVE AND THE COLOR OF THE STATE	DATE SIGNED
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## Facility Registration Number 16-R-0029

E4.

Twenty dogs assigned to Column E of this report were used in non-clinical laboratory studies to evaluate the safety of test compounds in accordance to Food and Drug Administration requirements under Good Laboratory Practice regulations 21 CFR 58. These animals were orally dosed with test articles and experienced clinical signs of diarrhea, emesis and dilated pupils. All clinical signs resolved within 24 hours of dosing. The dogs were not given other drugs such as analgesics or sedatives that might cause reversal of histological toxic effects of the test article or induce their own inherent toxicities or drug-drug interactions.

E6

200 guinea pigs assigned to Column E of this report were used in non-clinical laboratory studies to screen product lots for potential to elicit delayed hypersensitivity reaction to specific trace component. The animals were sensitized to the specific component through administration of that agent in conjunction with complete and incomplete Freund's adjuvant, followed by a subsequent challenge dose of the product ten days later. The delayed hypersensitivity reaction was expressed as a degree of foot swelling in the guinea pigs. The volume of swelling was measured at the ten day time point. No analgesics were administered during the ten day time period because those agents had the potential to minimize the swelling which was the end point that was to be measured and therefore could interfere with the accurate interpretation of the properties of the product lots being screened.

E9

Three monkeys assigned to Column E of this report were used in non-clinical laboratory studies to evaluate the safety of test articles in accordance to the Food and Drug Administration requirements under Good Laboratory Practice regulations, 21 CFR 58. The animals were used on studies to determine potential target organs of toxicity and no effect levels of test articles that were administered by oral gavage. Following multiple dosing, the animals developed clinical signs of nose bleed, decreased motor activity and skin rash. The animals were not given other drugs such as tranquilizers or analgesics that might cause reversal of the histological toxic effects of the test article or induce their own inherent toxicities or drug-drug interactions.

Thirty-one macaque monkeys assigned to Column E of this report were used in non-clinical laboratory studies to evaluate the safety of test articles in accordance to the Food and Drug Administration requirements under Good Laboratory Practice regulations, 21 CFR 58. The animals were used on studies to determine potential target organs of toxicity and no effect levels of test articles that were administered by oral gavage. Following multiple dosing, the animals developed clinical signs of diarrhea, emesis and weight loss. The animals were not given other drugs such as tranquilizers or analgesics that might cause reversal of the histological toxic effects of the test article or induce their own inherent toxicities or drugdrug interactions.