1.	Registration Number:	31-R0028					
2.	Number	of anii	nals categorized as column E used in this study.				
3.	Species (common name	Woodchue	kof animals used in this study.				
4.	4. Explain the procedure producing pain and/or distress. Explanations should include a brief description of the procedure, but also explain what the animal's experience, examples of which include, but are not limited to: Neurological signs, seizures, tremors, paralysis, lethargy, inappetance, respiratory signs, GI distress, vomiting, and diarrhea.						
	virus, a model for hepatiti CT imaging to monitor cli unrelieved discomfort and	s B. The study includes inical response. The two l distress, and one also e	nors secondary to inoculation with woodchuck hepatitis treatment with experimental therapies followed by serial animals for which category E applies both experienced experienced neurological abnormality (circling) as an atic disease associated with the virus and progressive				
5.	used. (For federally man Supportive care, anesthesia Abnormal neurological sta support was provided, retu blood glucose were closely	and analgesia were no tus (circling) was secon rning the woodchuck to monitored throughout	·				
•	bedding, hiding boxes, fres	sh vegetables & nutritio	nal supplementation, etc.).				
6. What, if any, federal regulation require this procedure? Cite the agency, the code of Federal Regulations (CFR) title number and the specific section number (e.g. APHIS, 9 CFR 113.102): If the requirement is per a guidance document, such as an Agency notice or harmonization guideline, please provide specific sufficient information to identify the cited document.							
	Agencyn	/a CFR_	n/a				

1.	Registration Number:					
2.	Number1 (	of 7)	_of animals cate	gorized as column E used in this study.		
3.	Species (common nam	e)	Rabbit	of animals used in this study.		
4.	Explain the procedure producing pain and/or distress. Explanations should include a brief description of the procedure, but also explain what the animal's experience, examples of which may include, but are not limited to: Neurological signs, seizures, tremors, paralysis, lethargy, inappetance, respiratory signs, Gl distress, vomiting, and diarrhea.					
	This rabbit was received from the vendor following a breeding career. Following acclimation, he underwent an ultrasound-guided prostate tumor inoculation. As part of this study, rabbits receive immune-suppressant medication daily and undergo occasional ultrasound scans to monitor tumor growth. This rabbit experienced the unintended complication of fatal intestinal ileus.					
-	Attach or include with	the recent(e) for	h., on ooth ot:			
5.	Attach or include with the reason(s) for why anesthetics, analgesics and tranquillizers could not be used. (For federally mandated testing, see Item 6 below).					
	provided fresh leafy green	ns, hay, and pellet nese measures we	ted food as well as ere unsuccessful. P	Following anesthesia, this rabbit was routinely subcutaneous fluids and B vitamins to support ost mortem exam revealed gastric impaction, despite supportive care.		
6.				? Cite the agency, the code of Federal		
	Regulations (CFR) title number and the specific section number (e.g. APHIS, 9 CFR 113.102): If the requirement is per a guidance document, such as an Agency notice or harmonization guideline, please provide specific sufficient information to identify the cited document.					
	Agency	n/a	_CFR	n/a		

1.	Registration Number:	31-R-0028				
2.	2 (of 7)	of animals o	rategorized as column E used in this study.			
3.	Species (common name)	Rabbit	of animals used in this study.			
4.	Explain the procedure producing pain and/or distress. Explanations should include a brief description of the procedure, but also explain what the animal's experience, examples of which may include, but are not limited to: Neurological signs, seizures, tremors, paralysis, lethargy, inappetance, respiratory signs, GI distress, vomiting, and diarrhea.					
	Following a recovery period, the	y were inoculated (IV) ent. The fungal disease	ugular catheters for substance administration. with a fungal agent and then subsequently treated progressed much more rapidly than anticipated. isease.			
5.	Attach or include with the reaused. (For federally mandated		hetics, analgesics and tranquillizers could not be pelow).			
	appropriate. Food and fluids were	not withheld. These and in their respective ca	neld. Surgical anesthesia and analgesia were nimals experienced extremely rapid clinical decline ges within 24 hours of vet staff and lab personnel			
6.	Regulations (CFR) title numbe If the requirement is per a gui	r and the specific sec dance document, su	dure? Cite the agency, the code of Federal ction number (e.g. APHIS, 9 CFR 113.102): ch as an Agency notice or harmonization ation to identify the cited document.			
	Agencyn/a	CFR	n/a			

1.	Registration Number:	31-R-0028				
2.	4 (of 7)	of animals ca	ategorized as column E used in this s	tudy.		
3.	Species (common name)	Rabbit	of animals used in this study.			
4.	Explain the procedure producing pain and/or distress. Explanations should include a brief description of the procedure, but also explain what the animal's experience, examples of which may include, but are not limited to: Neurological signs, seizures, tremors, paralysis, lethargy, inappetance, respiratory signs, GI distress, vomiting, and diarrhea.					
	Four rabbits underwent surgery to create a tracheal stoma as early model development. The study proposes to create a stoma and, once healed open, create a tracheal injury proximal to the stoma in order to test a treatment aimed at preventing mucosal constriction. These rabbits experienced unintended physiological complications from the surgery leading to severe respiratory compromise as below: (1) & (2) Acute death secondary to tracheal obstruction (fibrinous plug & blood clot) - both found deceased in the cage (3) & (4) Severely reactive upper respiratory mucosa with copious mucus production and secondary aspiration pneumonia					
5.	Attach or include with the reason(s) for why anesthetics, analgesics and tranquillizers could not be used. (For federally mandated testing, see Item 6 below).					
	Supportive care, anesthesia and analgesia were not withheld.  The first two animals were found deceased in the cage approximately 5 hours after they were observed to be QAR and eupneic in their cages. Due to lack of evidence that the animals were experiencing complications, no intervention was pursued. Post mortem examination revealed the tracheal obstruction  The other two rabbits developed worsening congestion and clear mucoid drainage in the days following the stoma surgery. All post-op animals were provided additional humidification to support tracheal mucosa, in addition these were also treated with post-operative steroids to help with inflammation and post-op antibiotics. Despite supportive care, both rabbits continued to deteriorate and were euthanized at veterinarian discretion and were found to have some degree of aspiration pneumonia on PM exam.					
6.	What, if any, federal regulation require this procedure? Cite the agency, the code of Federal Regulations (CFR) title number and the specific section number (e.g. APHIS, 9 CFR 113.102): If the requirement is per a guidance document, such as an Agency notice or harmonization guideline, please provide specific sufficient information to identify the cited document.					
	Agencyn/a	CFR	n/a			